

Working together for tomorrow's agriculture



Some example of CIRAD's experience and prospects in digital agriculture in Brazil

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CIRAD is the French agricultural research and international cooperation organization working for the sustainable development of tropical and Mediterranean regions.

Human resources

1800

employees, **with**

1240

scientists,
including

800

researchers or PhD
students

Annual budget

€ 240M

Public service subsidy

60%

Contractual resources

40%

Scientific publications

1200

articles in peer-reviewed
journals, books and book
chapters

including

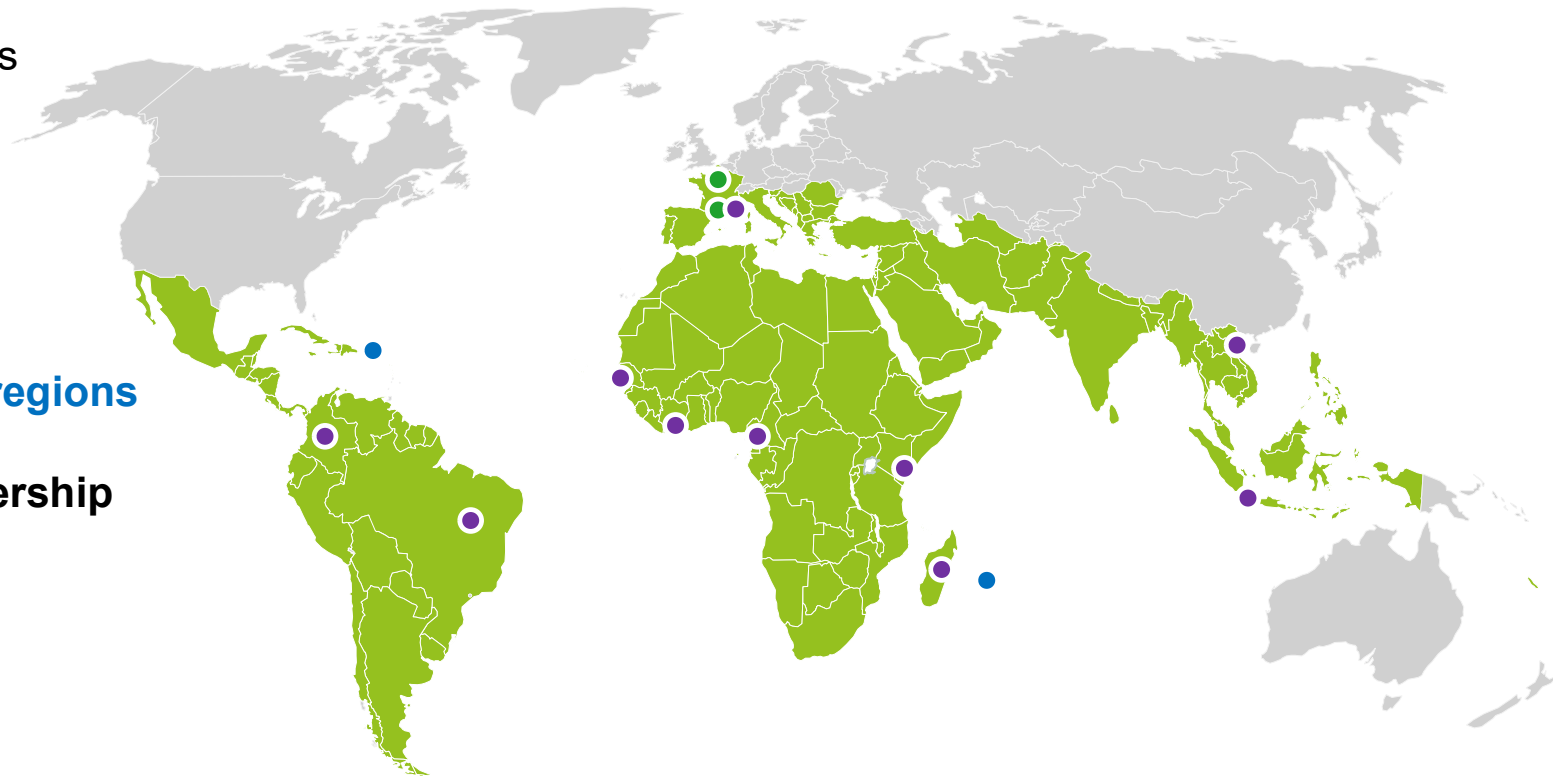
600

co-published with partners
from the global South



CIRAD worldwide

- CIRAD works in more than **50 countries** across the tropics and the Mediterranean.
- From its regional offices, **two in mainland France**, **two in the French overseas regions** and **ten elsewhere**, it conducts **research in partnership** with more than 100 countries.



Three scientific departments

Biological Systems (BIOS)

- The living world, its characterization and its exploitation
- Nine research units



Performance of Tropical Production and Processing Systems (PERSYST)

- Tropical production operations, from plot to product processing
- Ten research units



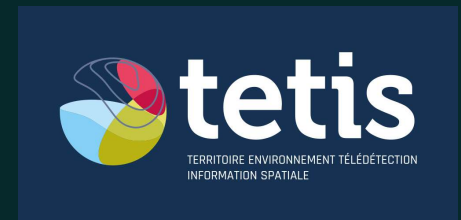
Agroecology and sustainable intensification of annual crops

Interactions between soil organism and plant, biogeochemical cycles - mainly C, N and P cycles



Environments and Societies (ES)

- The relations between agriculture, natural resource management and social dynamics
- Ten research units



Spatial information to understand territorial complexity, agro-ecosystems and support for stakeholders

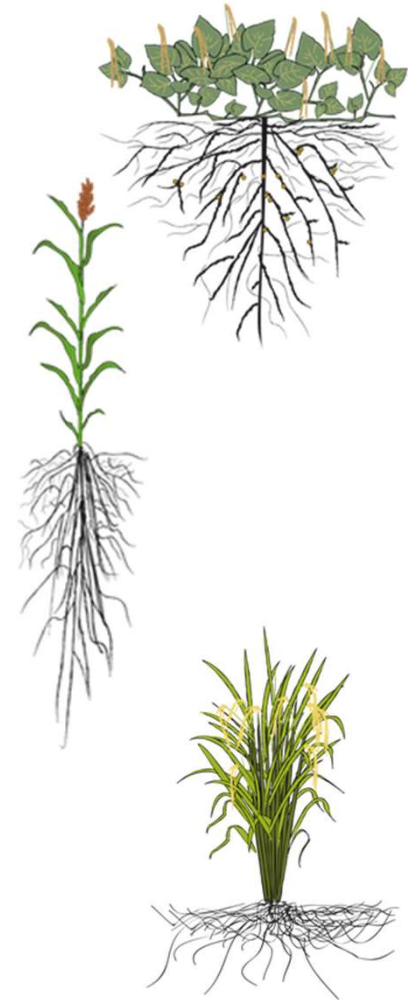


AIDA works on **ecological intensification** of **cropping systems** based on **annual crops** in **tropical family farms**

Analyze and design cropping systems based on annual crops, making better use of resources and ecological processes, by assessing their agronomic, environmental, economic and social performance in different spatial and temporal dimensions.

Intensify and stabilize production in different types of tropical family farming agrosystems based on :

- rainfed and flooded **rice** - Asia, Madagascar
- **cotton** - Africa
- dry cereals (**corn, sorghum, millet**) in dry to sub-humid zones - Africa, Latin America, Asia
- **sugar cane** - Reunion, West Indies, Africa
- **pulses** (cowpea, soybean, pigeon pea) - Africa, Asia
- **roots and tubers** (Cassava) - Africa, Asia, Latin America





Agroecology and sustainable intensification of annual cropping system



89 employee,
58 scientists,
22 à abroad,
24 in French oversea territory, 43 inland France
Involved in the supervision of 45 PhD students





in Brasil , past and present

Alternative to slash and burn
Cassava cropping system
8 years



UFRA



Agroecology and water management
3 years



CEARÁ FUNCEME
GOVERNO DO ESTADO

Modeling adaptation to climate variability,
CHG emission, C sequestration
30 years



3 examples of the of advanced computational capacities in agronomy

2

Crop model and reinforcement learning

Informations for "tactical" decision for decision maker (government, industry, donors)

3

Current cropping systems



Prototype agro-ecological and/or climate-smart cropping systems



Agro-ecological and/or climate-smart cropping systems implemented by farmers



2

"technical advice" for industry, technicians, farmers

Predicting weed distribution using supervised learning

1

Informations for
“tactical” decision for
decision maker
(government, industry,
donors)

Current
cropping
systems



Prototype agro-
ecological and/or
climate-smart
cropping systems



Agro-ecological and/or
climate-smart cropping
systems implemented by
farmers



“technical advice”
for industry, technicians,
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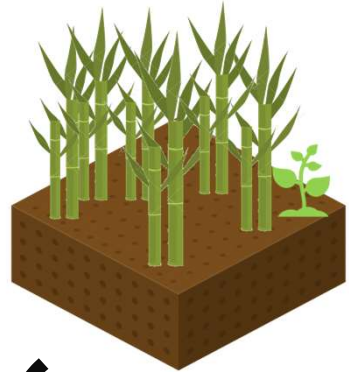
“technical advice”
for industry, technicians,
farmers

Predicting weed distribution using
supervised learning

1

1

Predicting weed distribution using supervised learning



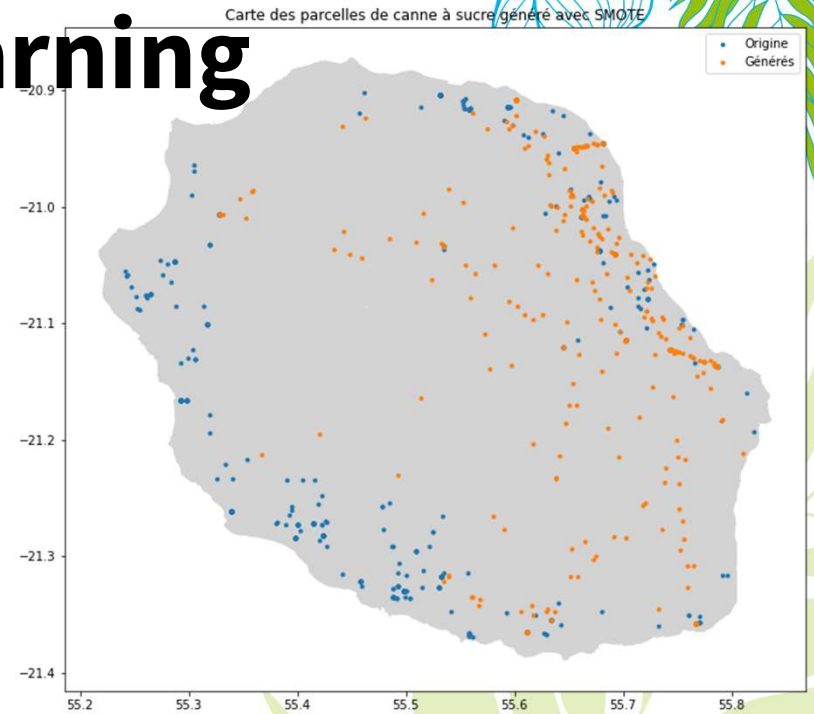
Euphorbia heterophylla L.



Commelina Benghalensis L.



Cynodon dactylon (L.) Pers.



Altitude
Average temperature
Rainfall
Location
Radiation

Season

- First results but limitations in the use of algorithms

Pistes de recherches

01

Manque de variables

Comment on construit de nouvelles variables informatives

02

Algorithmes pas adaptés

Adapter les algorithmes actuels à ce genre de données (Fabre Ferber et al., 2024)

03

Manque de données

Comment générer de nouvelles données augmentant la base de connaissance

04

Valeurs manquantes

Comment combler les valeurs manquantes (continues ou catégorielles)

2

Crop model and reinforcement learning

Current cropping systems



Prototype agro-ecological and/or climate-smart cropping systems



Agro-ecological and/or climate-smart cropping systems implemented by farmers



“technical advice”
for industry, technicians,
farmers

Crop model and Reinforcement Learning environment

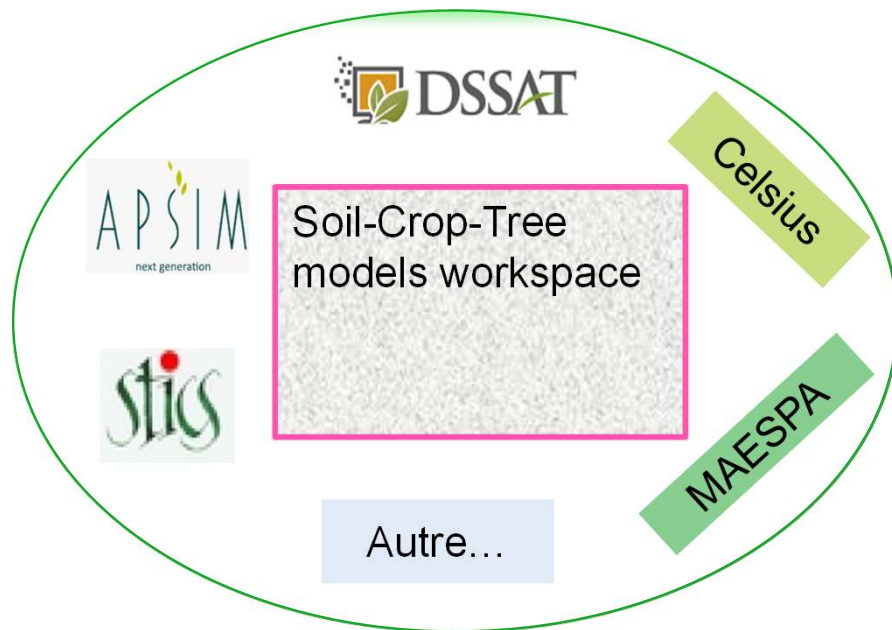


- An agent interacts with an unknown and uncertain environment by taking actions to control its evolution.
- A policy defines the agent's decision rules based on observations from the environment.
- The agent's actions affect the environment, and it receives a return, a scalar value indicating its performance.
- The agent aims to maximize a utility function through trial and error, adjusting its policy based on the returns received.

Works great if you're just trying to sell more stuff online, but it's a whole different game when you're dealing with farming systems—especially when it comes to agroecological systems!

Solution: train the reinforcement algorithm on a crop model that allows for virtually testing millions of combinations before moving to the real world.

Some promising results and experiments, but we're still in the early stages



gym-DSSAT: a crop model turned into a Reinforcement Learning environment

Romain Gautron^{a,*}, Emilio J. Padrón[†], Philippe Preux[‡], Julien Bigot[§], Odalric-Ambrym Maillard[¶], David Emukpere^{||}



?



Review
Reinforcement learning for crop management support: Review, prospects and challenges
Romain Gautron^{a,b,c,*}, Odalric-Ambrym Maillard^d, Philippe Preux^d, Marc Corbeels^{a,b,e}, Régis Sabbadin^f

3

Informations for
“tactical” decision for
decision maker
(government, industry,
donors)

Current
cropping
systems



Prototype agro-
ecological and/or
climate-smart
cropping systems

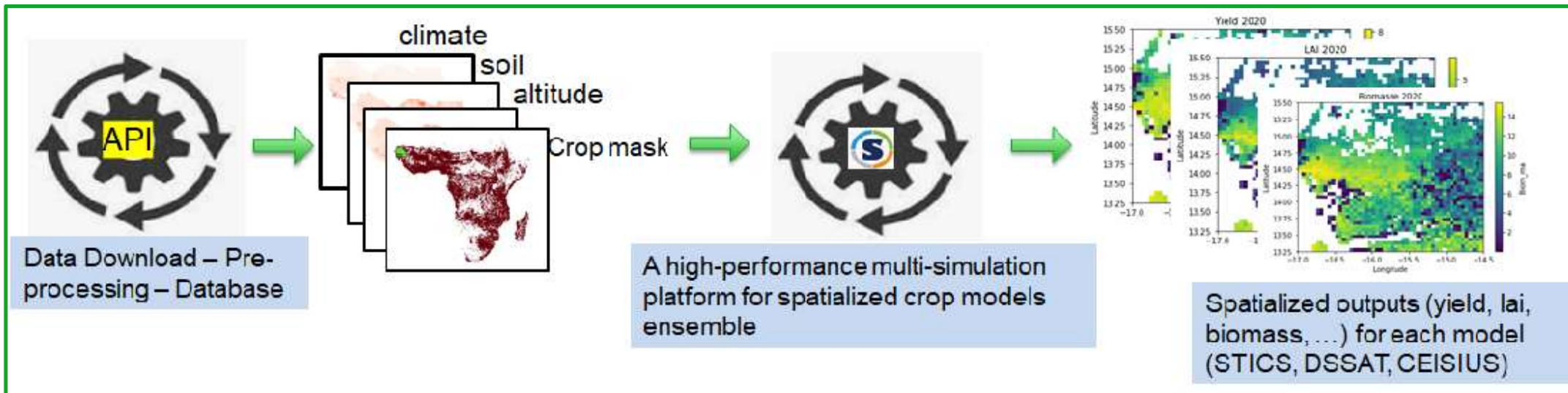


Agro-ecological and/or
climate-smart cropping
systems implemented by
farmers



3

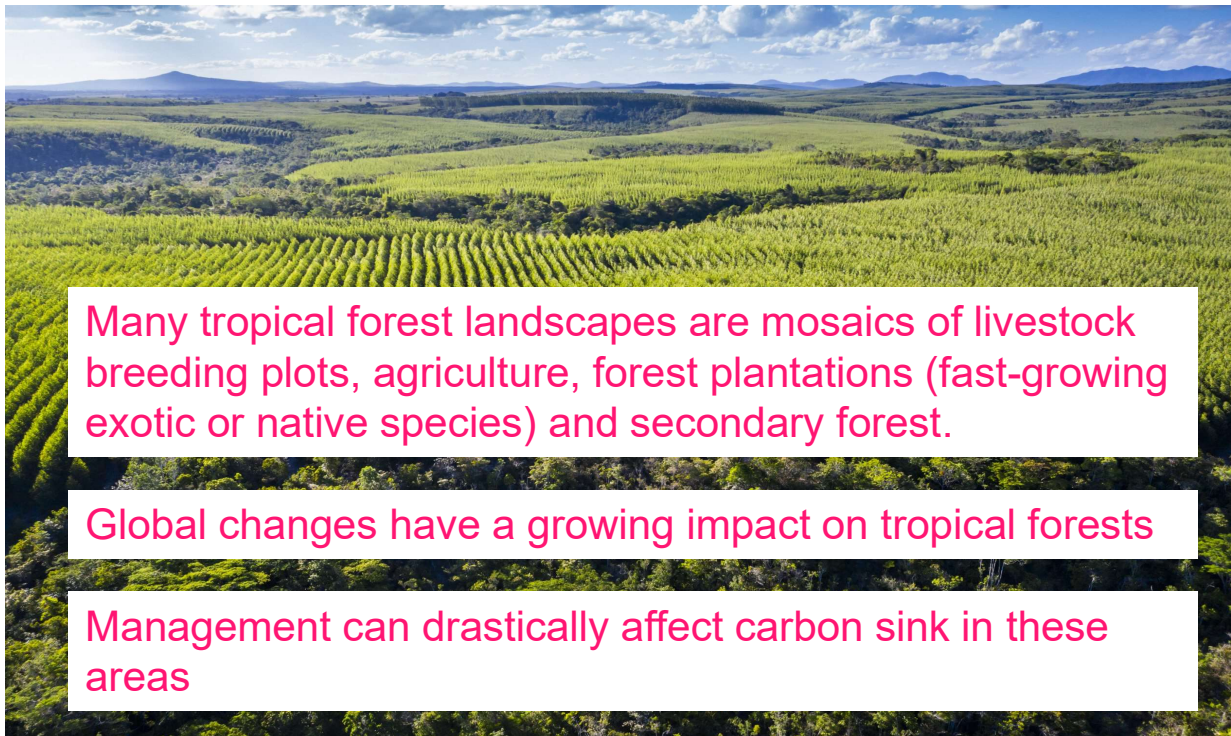
High –performance multi-simulation for spatialized crop model





Ecosystem services in anthropized tropical forest landscapes

Joannès Guillemot, Gueric le Maire, Ivan Cornut, Agnès Robin, Daniel Mika-Nsimbi Poultney, et al.



Many tropical forest landscapes are mosaics of livestock breeding plots, agriculture, forest plantations (fast-growing exotic or native species) and secondary forest.

Global changes have a growing impact on tropical forests

Management can drastically affect carbon sink in these areas

A long-term partnership with ESALQ (>20 years)

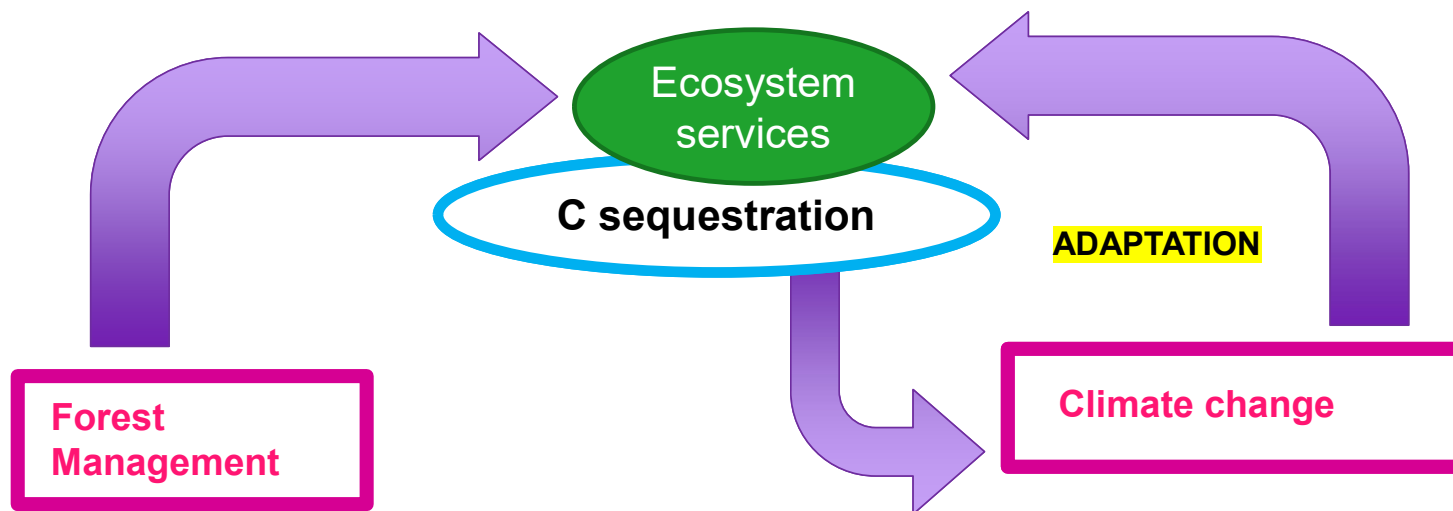
- At least one researcher from CIRAD Eco&Sols has been based at USP-ESALQ for the past 20 years (as a visiting professor in the forest science and soil science departments)
- Projects funded by Brazil (FAPESP, CAPES, ...) or France (ANR, European projects, ...)
- Many Master and PhD thesis students co-supervised
- Hundreds of articles published



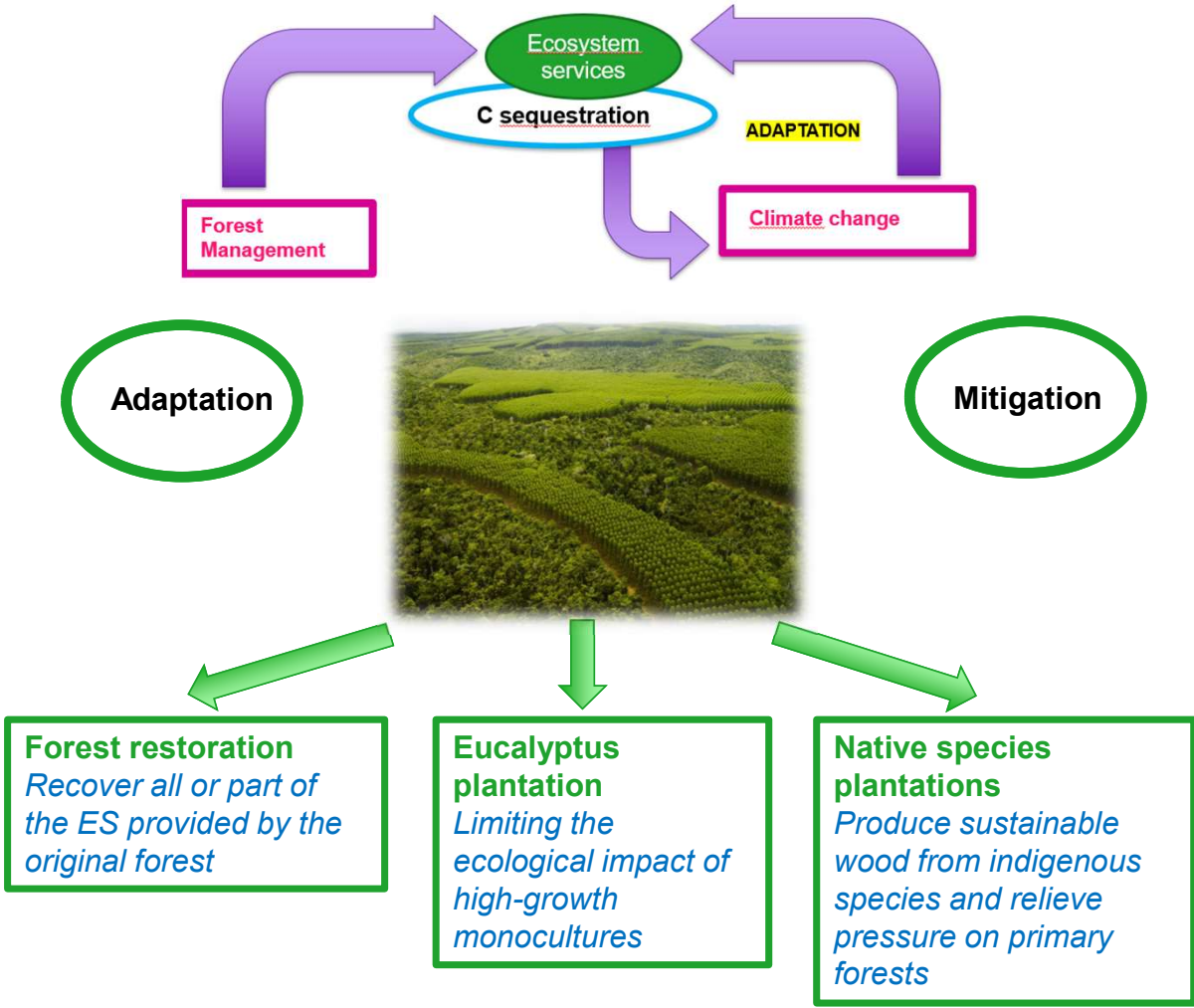
Scientific cooperation agreement renewed in 2023

Scientific objectives

Improving our understanding of the determinants of carbon, water and nutrient cycles in planted tropical forests to improve management practices under climate change



Scientific objectives

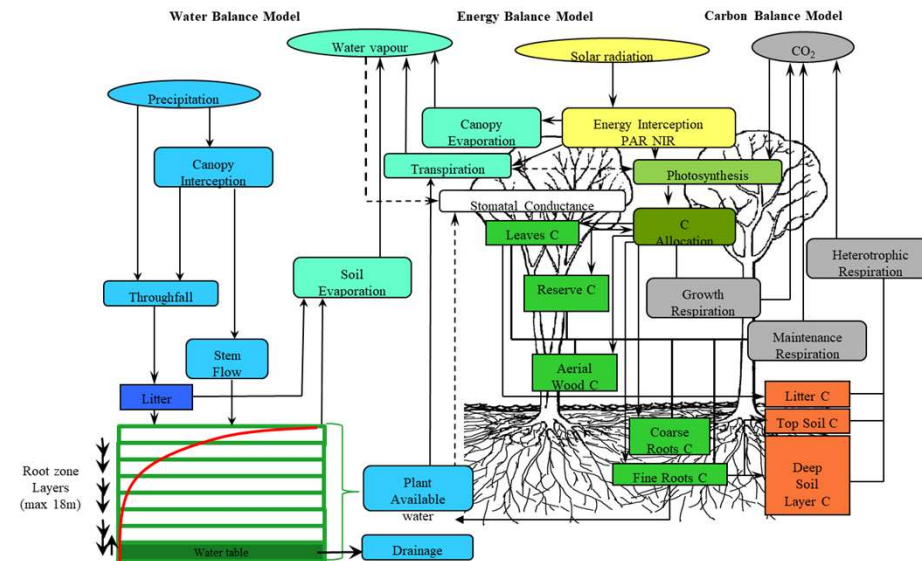


Development,
Parameterization,
Validation

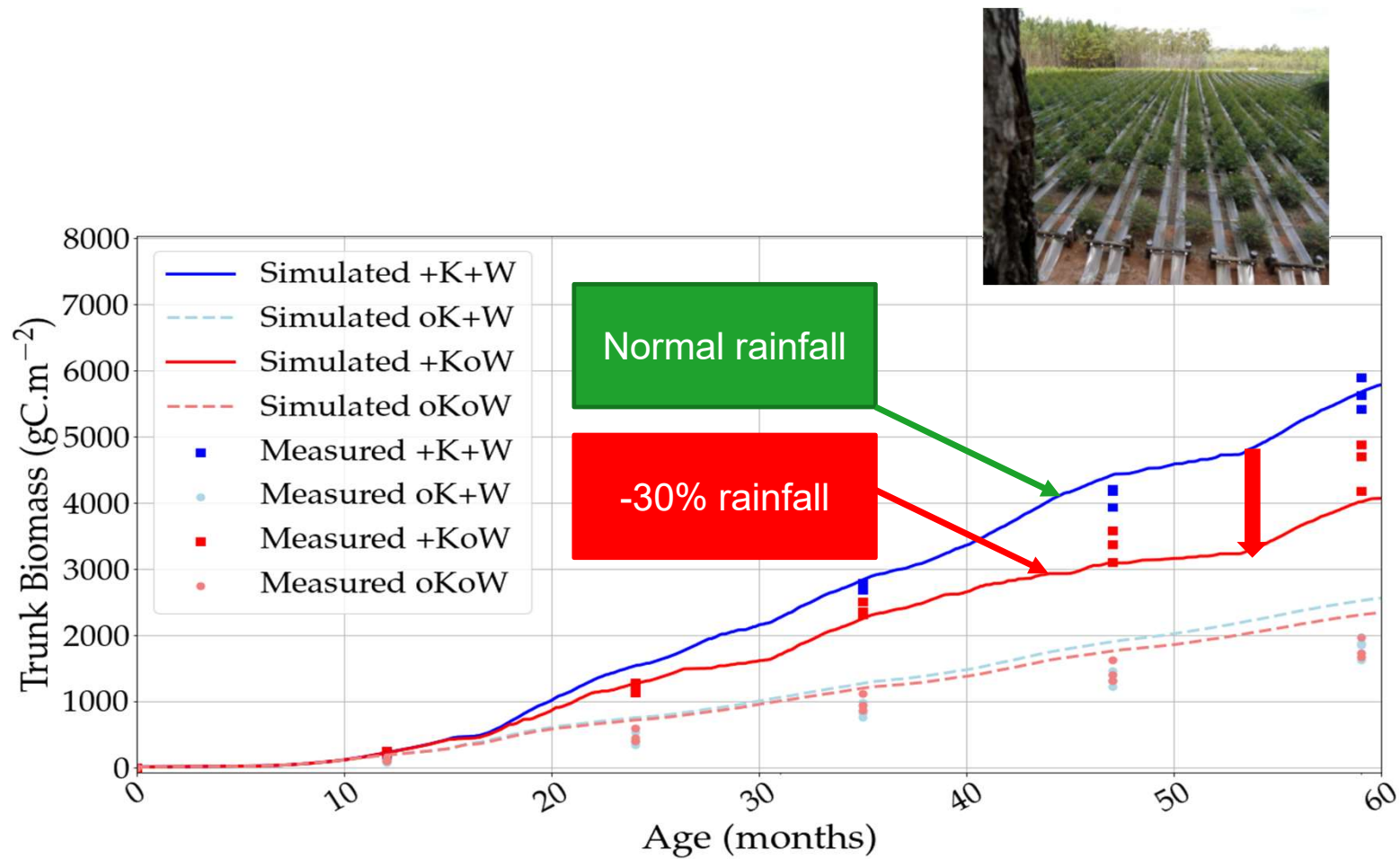
High-precision measurements of water and carbon flows and stocks, biomass, radiation, microclimate. (Eucflux + other experiments)

Modeling at the tree or plot scale, process-based modeling: Quantitative simulation of flow and stocks of C, H₂O, etc.

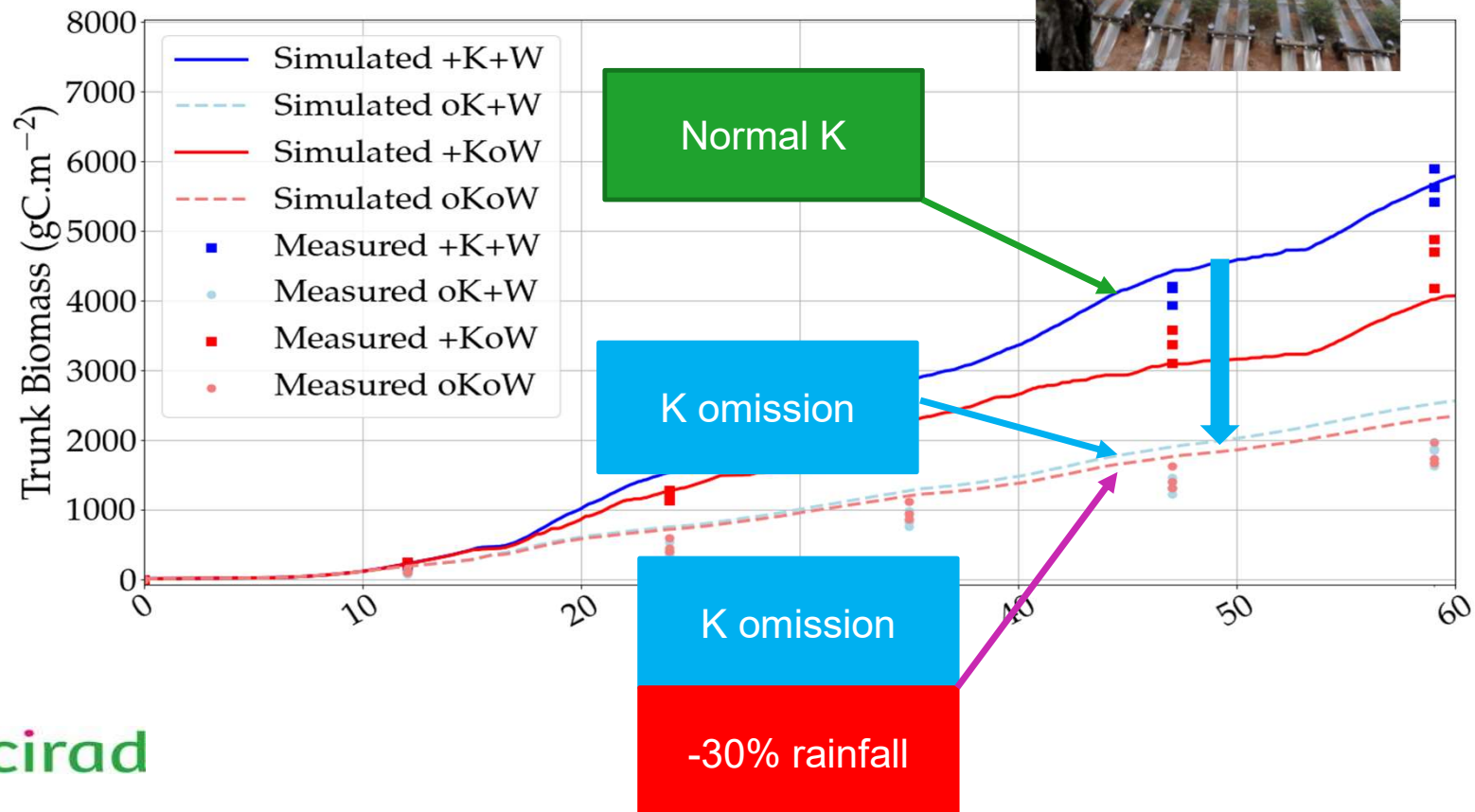
Understanding,
Focusing



Model test for rainfall and K fertilization effects



Model test for rainfall and K fertilization effects



Current challenges and perspectives linked with digital science

- Use of **meta-models** to upscale from trees to stand in mixed plantation contexts
- Application of the Castanea-Maespa model at large scale using **data assimilation** from remote sensing (multiple forcing variables: LAI, surface temperature, etc.)
- *Other ongoing topic: detection of growth anomaly by remote sensing using **time-series** of different sensors*

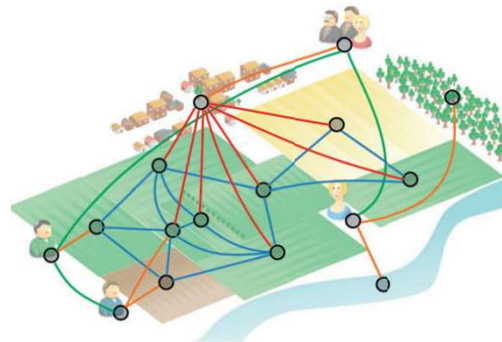
Territory, Environment, Remote sensing & Spatial Information

Focus on developing the use of **spatial information** to understand territorial complexity, agro-ecosystems and support for stakeholders.

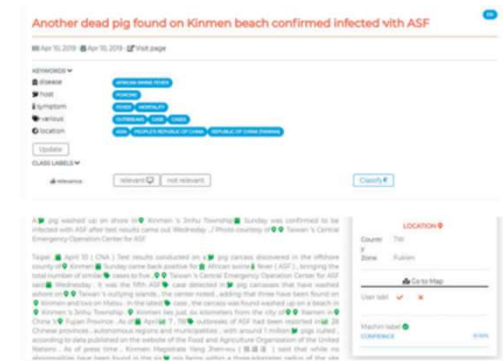
Acquisition, remote sensing, processing and space observations



Spatial Analysis and Modelling

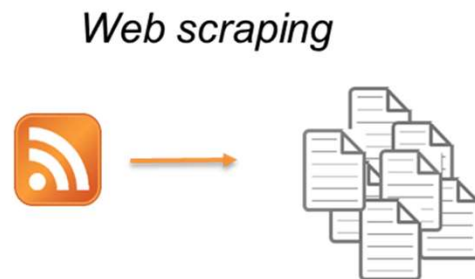


Heterogeneous Data science and Information Systems

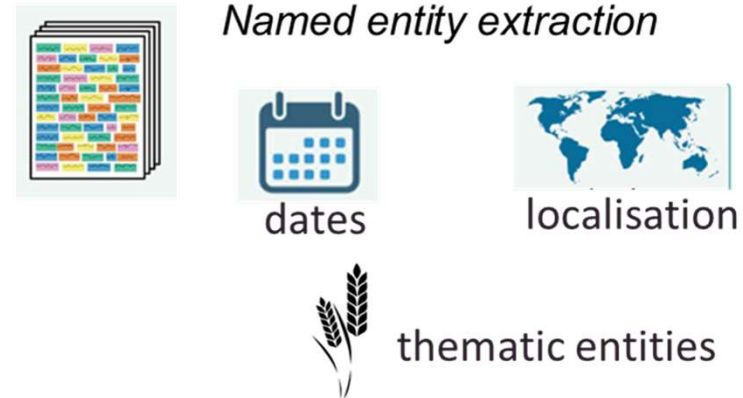


Textual data: which tasks ?

- How to collect data?



- What is the data about?

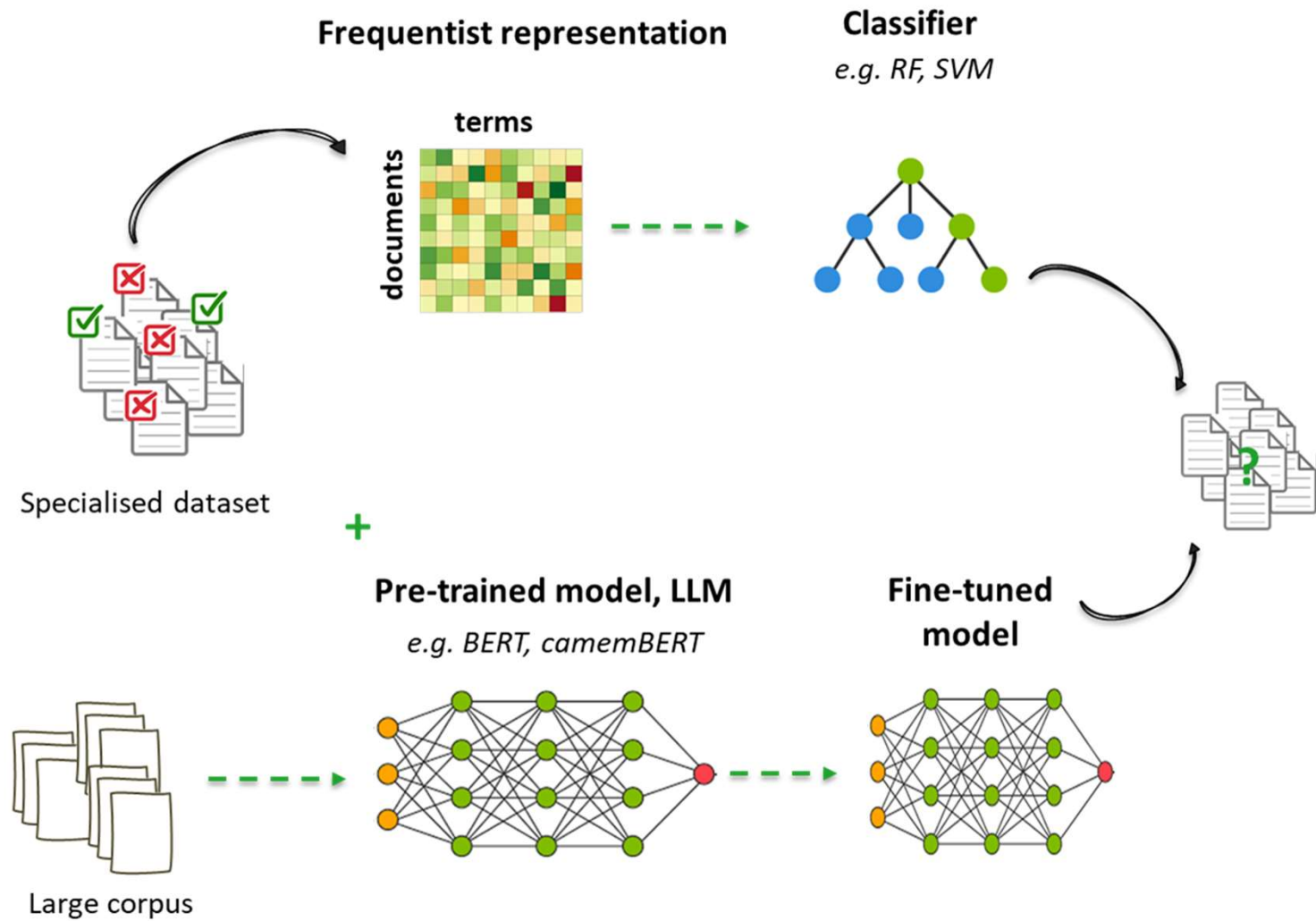


- How to select relevant data?
- What are the relationships between entities?

Automatic classification



Textual data & specialised applications - challenges

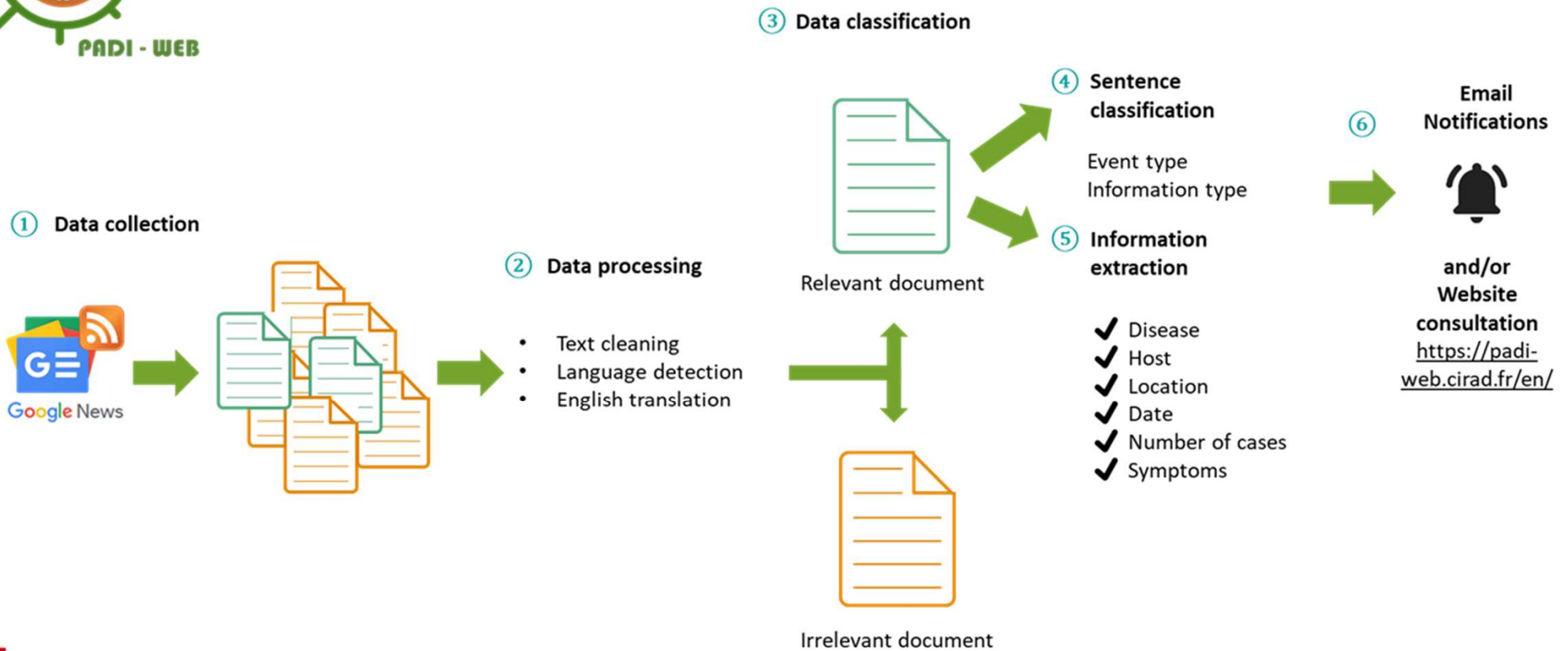


Textual data for monitoring animal diseases



Mystery illness ravages Muscovy ducklings

- GLDA hatchery closed after increased mortality seen



and/or Website consultation
<https://padi-web.cirad.fr/en/>

Textual data for monitoring animal diseases



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

One Health

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/onehit



PADI-web 3.0: A new framework for extracting and disseminating fine-grained information from the news for animal disease surveillance

Sarah Valentin^{a,b,c}, Elena Arsevska^{a,b}, Julien Rabatel^a, Sylvain Falala^{a,b}, Alizé Mercier^{a,b}, Renaud Lancelot^{a,b}, Mathieu Roche^{a,c,*}

Brazil: HPAI situation in sea mammals is resolved

EN BR

ID: 83H869BCYC

📅 Feb 12, 2024 · 📅 Feb 22, 2024 · 🌐 Visit page

Source: www.wattagnet.com

KEYWORDS >

CLASS LABELS ▾

👍 Relevance

RELEVANT

Fine-grained classificati...

OUTBREAK DECLARATION

Topic (BERT approach)

CONSEQUENCES

📄 see less

Sentences

Brazil: 🌐 📄 HPAI situation in sea 🌐 mammals is resolved 📄

Brazil has reported to 📄 the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH) that the situation with 📄 highly pathogenic 🌐 🌐 avian 🌐 influenza (🌐 📄 HPAI) in marine 🌐 mammals has been resolved. According to a WOA report, the first 🌐 case of 🌐 HPAI in marine 🌐 mammals was confirmed on 📄 📄 📄 October 3, 2023, but 📄 📄 more than a month has passed since any such 🌐 cases have been reported. During that time span, 📄 439 🌐 cases of 🌐 HPAI were reported in 📄

Textual data for monitoring food crises

How can text mining improve the explainability of Food security situations?

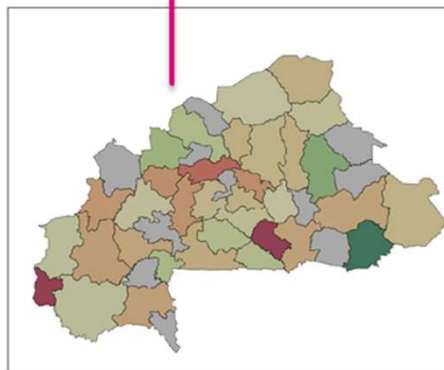
Hugo Deléglise^{1,2} · Agnès Bégué^{1,2} · Roberto Interdonato^{1,2} · Elodie Maître d'Hôtel^{3,4} · Mathieu Roche^{1,2} · Maguelonne Teisseire^{1,5}



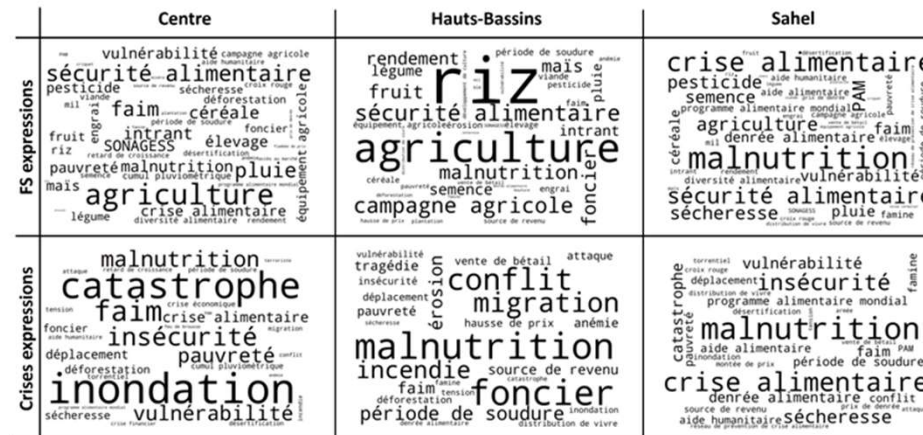
Google News



Foodstuffs in the North, Prices soar



(c) TXT-FS on Articles



Textual data & remote sensing: perspectives

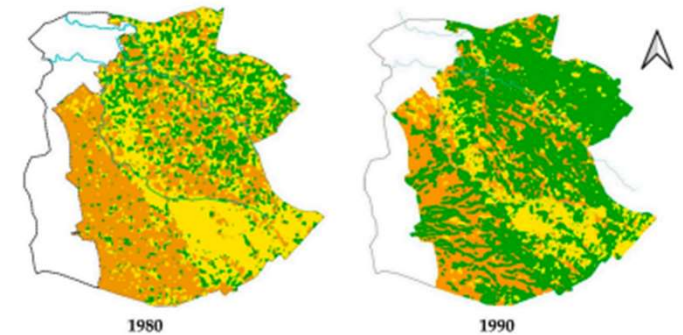


Specialised
ressources

Land use and land cover changes & their drivers

"From 1984 to 2001, bare soils and agricultural lands increased by 17% and 18%."

Land use and land cover change maps (RS)



From Kadri et al. Remote Sens. 2023, 15, 3257.

How to combine ?

EVERGREEN

Earth observation and machine learning for agri-environmental challenges

<https://team.inria.fr/evergreen/>

- transferability of multimodal classification models
- design of machine learning models for low-data-regime scenarios
- interpretability and explicability of classification algorithms for image and time-series data

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Diego Marcos (diego.marcos@inria.fr)

Thank you for your attention

